

GROUP COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a group communication system as a multi-channel access type of the mobile communication.

Related Art

10 There has been disclosed a group communicating system in the mobile communication system adopting a conventional multi-channel access type by Japanese Patent Kokai Publication Nos. JP-A-H2-119326 and JP-A-H2-119327. According to these systems, speech
15 channel designation control is carried out within sole one wireless communication zone (referred to as "wireless zone") to make possible group communications between mobile units existing within the same wireless zone. It has however been impossible to implement
20 speech channel communication control over a plurality of wireless zones, and accordingly the group communication across a plurality of wireless zones was impossible.

Also conventionally, in order for a mobile
25 station to participate in a group communication, the

mobile station has to be powered on beforehand to be put into a receivable state in advance of performing the group communication.

5 Further, in case where a mobile station under communication in a group-nonobjective wireless zone enters due to hand-over or the like a group-objective wireless zone, it could not take part in a group communication.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

10 In the conventional group communication system the participation in a group communication is possible only in case where the mobile station has completed a location registration operation at the beginning of a group communication. Consequently, there has been a
15 problem that a mobile station cannot participate in a group communication if the mobile station belonging to the group communication has not been powered on, i.e., its location registration operation has not been executed.

20 For the mobile station under communication in this manner outside the group-communication objective wireless zone, at the station of beginning the group communication, location registration operation for the group-communication objective wireless zone so that
25 this method does not allow participation in a group

communication. Therefore, there has also been a problem that in case where a mobile station is under communication over a plurality of zones (service areas) it cannot participate in group communication upon entering a group objective wireless zone due to hand-over or else, even if it possesses a group communication number.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a group communication system that a mobile station, not participated in a group communication, can take part in the group communication in the course thereof.

Further objects will become apparent in the entire disclosure.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a group communication system comprising one or a plurality of control stations, one or a plurality of base stations connected to the control station via a wire line or a wireless line, and a plurality of mobile stations connected to the base stations via wireless lines. The group communication system provides the control station or the base station with a function of controlling a group communication number which is under communication via any of the base and control stations, and the mobile station with a

function of transmitting a group communication number together with a conventional mobile station identification number upon operation of location registration of the mobile station due to turning on
5 of power, hand-over, or the like. The control station or the base station that has received a group communication number transmitted together with a location registration signal from the mobile station examines the presence or absence of a call during
10 communication based on the group communication number, with the information thereof being notified to the mobile station when a relevant call is present, so that the mobile station receiving the notification participates in the group communication through a
15 calling procedure based on the group number, automatically or through operation by a user (or subscriber) of the mobile station.

Particularly, there is provided with a group communication system wherein (a) the control station
20 or the base station comprises means for controlling a group communication number which is under communication via any of said base and control stations and (b) the mobile station comprises means for transmitting a group communication number together with a
25 conventional mobile station identification number upon

operation of location registration of the mobile station.

On the other hand the control station or the base station receives a group communication number transmitted together with a location registration signal from the mobile station, and the control station or the base station comprises means for examining the presence or absence of a call during communication based on the group communication numbers, with the information thereof being notified to the mobile station, when a relevant call is present so that the mobile station receiving the notification is allowed to participate in the group communication through a calling procedure based on the group number, automatically or through operation by a user (or subscriber) of the mobile station.

Also, according to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a group communication system wherein there is means for providing a group communication number for a mobile station to an information element of a location registration signal transmitted to a base station, when power of a mobile station is turned on or when a mobile station in communication over a plurality of zones entered into a group-communication objective wireless zone due to

hand-over or else. Also there is means for retrieving the group communication number by a group-communication group number controlling register in a control station, examining presence or absence of a group communication
5 call of the mobile station, and upon a relevant call notifying the information to the mobile station so as to participate in the group communication in the course thereof.

A group-communication group number controlling
10 register existing in the control station or the base station carries out control of calls during a group communication so as to be referenced with a group communication signal of the information element of the location registration signal transmitted from the
15 mobile station. Consequently, where a call of the group communication is present, it is possible to notify information thereof to the mobile station. Therefore, the mobile station has a function of participating in a group communication automatically or through a calling
20 procedure by an operation of a subscriber of the mobile station.

According to the present invention, a group-communication-objective mobile station, that has hitherto not been allowed to participate in a group
25 communication at the beginning of telephone calling,

can participate in telephone communication at the time an operation of location registration is executed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a system diagram of a group communicating system according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a base station and a control station.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of a mobile station.

Fig. 4 is a block diagram of a control module, a switch section, and a location registration register module in the control station.

Fig. 5 is a flowchart for explaining an operational example of the control module.

PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

An embodiment of the present invention will be explained with reference to the drawings. Fig. 1 is a system diagram of an embodiment of the present invention. A control station 2 is connected through link lines 9 to base stations 3, 4, 5 for respective service areas A, B, C. Also, the control station 2 is connected with a telephone 1. Further, mobile stations 6, 7, 8 are connected through wireless link to the base stations 3, 4, 5 in the respective service areas A, B, C.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of the control station 2 and the base stations 3, 4, 5. The control station 2 has a control

module 202 connected to a location registration register module 201 and a switch section 203 in a control module.

The control module 202 is connected with control modules 204 in each base station through a link line 9, to carry out control for each base station and provides various controls to a mobile station via a control channel transmitter/receiver 205 in the base station.

The switch module 203 serves to constitute a communication line between the mobile station and the telephone 1 via a transmitting/receiving module 206, 207 of any of the base stations connected through the link line 9, or constitute a communication line between

the mobile station and another mobile station through another transmitting/receiving module. The location registration register module 201 performs confirmation whether the mobile station has been registered by this

system, when power of the mobile station turns on or the mobile station is registered as a location registration signal at the location registration register module 201 upon hand-over or the like. On the

other hand, the communicating information proper to the mobile station is retrieved in the location

registration register module 201. An antenna common-use module 208 is provided for common use of an antenna 209 by a plurality of transmitting/receiving modules.

5 Fig. 3 is a block diagram of the mobile station 6, 7, 8. In each mobile station 6, 7, 8, a transmitting module 303 and a receiving module 304 is connected through an antenna common-use module 302 to an antenna 301. Also, the transmitting module 303 and the
10 receiving module 304 are connected to a signal processing module 305, and further connected to a register module 312 and a hand-set module 306. The signal processing module 305 and the transmitting module 303 are connected by a modulation signal line 307 and
15 a transmission starting line 309, and the signal processing module 305 and the receiving module 304 are connected by a demodulation signal line 308 and an electric-field information line 310. Further, the transmitting module 303 and the receiving module 304
20 are connected by a channel designation line 311.

A register module 312 stores communication control information such as a mobile-station identification number proper to any of the mobile stations and group communication numbers.

25 Fig. 4 is the location registration register

module 201, the control module 202 and the switch module 203 provided in the control station or the base station. The location registration register module 201 is formed by a mobile-station identification number controlling register module 401 and a group-communication mobile station group number controlling register 402. The mobile-station number controlling register module 401 has a function to perform confirmation of whether or not a location registration signal transmitted upon call-out operation of the mobile station is of a mobile station that has been registered in the present system, by retrieving a mobile station identification number stored in the mobile station controlling register 401. The result is notified to the mobile station.

Further, the group-communication mobile station group number controlling register module 402 has a function, upon receiving a group communication number from the mobile station, to confirm the presence or absence of a group communication calling belonging to the mobile station by means of the group communication number of the same mobile station that has been registered beforehand. If there is a call relevant thereto, the information thereof is notified to the mobile station.

Fig. 5 is a flowchart for explaining the operational example of the embodiment of the present invention.

5 The location registration signal transmitted when power of the mobile station is turned on, the mobile station is subjected to confirmation on the mobile station number by the mobile station identification number controlling register 401, through the control-channel transmitting/receiving module 205, the
10 link line 9, and the control module 202 of the control station 2. Further, the presence or absence of a group communication calling is confirmed by the group-communication mobile station group number controlling register 402. If there is a call relevant thereto, the
15 information thereof is notified to the same mobile station through the control station 202, the link line 9, and the control-channel transmitting/receiving module 205 of the base station.

20 The mobile station notified is enabled, automatically or through an operation by the subscriber to the mobile station, to participate in the group communication through a call-out procedure with the group communication number in the course of the telephone calling.

25 Also, where the mobile station enters a group-

communication-objective wireless zone due to hand-over
to another zone or the like, the mobile station
possessing the group communication number can take part
in a group communication, in the course of the telephone
5 calling, by transmitting the location registration
number in the same manner as in the location registration
signal transmitted when power is turn on at the mobile
station turns on power.

10 It should be noted that modifications obvious
in the art may be done without departing the gist and
scope of the present invention as described herein and
claimed as appended.